# **User's Guide**



Mini Multimeter with Non-Contact Voltage Detector (NCV)

# **Model EX320**



### Introduction

Congratulations on your purchase of the Extech 320 MultiMeter. The EX320 offers AC/DC Voltage, AC/DC Current, Resistance, Diode, and Continuity testing plus a built-in non-contact Voltage Detector. Proper use and care of this meter will provide many years of reliable service

## Safety



This symbol adjacent to another symbol, terminal or operating device indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the Operating Instructions to avoid personal injury or damage to the meter.

This **WARNING** symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

This **CAUTION** symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result damage to the product.

This symbol advises the user that the terminal(s) so marked must not be connected to a circuit point at which the voltage with respect to earth ground exceeds 600V.

This symbol adjacent to one or more terminals identifies them as being associated with ranges that may, in normal use, be subjected to particularly hazardous voltages. For maximum safety, the meter and its test leads should not be handled when these terminals are energized.

This symbol indicates that a device is protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation.

#### SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This meter has been designed for safe use, but must be operated with caution. The rules listed below must be carefully followed for safe operation.

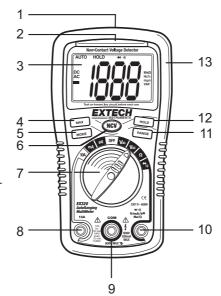
1. **NEVER** apply voltage or current to the meter that exceeds the specified maximum:

Input Protection Limits		
Function	Maximum Input	
V DC or V AC	600V AC and DC	
mA AC/DC	200mA DC/AC	
A AC/DC	10A DC/AC (for 30 seconds max. every 15 minutes	
Resistance, Diode Test, Continuity	250V DC/AC	

- 2. USE EXTREME CAUTION when working with high voltages.
- 3. **DO NOT** measure voltage if the voltage on the "COM" input jack exceeds 600V above earth ground.
- NEVER connect the meter leads across a voltage source while the function switch is in the current, resistance, or diode mode. Doing so can damage the meter.
- ALWAYS discharge filter capacitors in power supplies and disconnect the power when making resistance or diode tests
- 6. **ALWAYS** turn off power and disconnect test leads before opening the covers to replace the fuse or battery.
- NEVER operate the meter unless the back cover and the battery and fuse covers are in place and fastened securely.
- 8. If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

### Controls and Jacks

- 1. AC Voltage Detector Sensor
- 2. AC Voltage Detector indicator light
- 3. LCD display
- 4. MAX push-button
- 5. MODE button
- Non-contact AC Voltage Detector test button
- 7. Rotary function dial
- 8. 10 ampere test lead jack
- 9. COM test lead jack
- Test lead jack for voltage, milli-amp, microamp, & resistance functions
- 11. RANGE button
- 12. HOLD button
- Protective rubber holster (must be removed to access the rear battery compartment)



## **Display Symbols and Annunciators**

•))) Continuity



Battery status
μ micro (10<sup>-6</sup>) (amps)

m milli (10<sup>-3</sup>) (volts, amps)

k kilo (10<sup>3</sup>) (ohms)

M mega (10<sup>6</sup>) (ohms)

V Volts

A Amps

 $\Omega$  Ohms

AC Alternating current

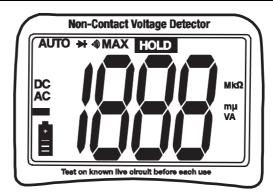
DC Direct current

HOLD Display hold

AUTO Autoranging

MAX Highest reading

C, F Temperature units



## **Operating Instructions**

**WARNING**: Risk of electrocution. High-voltage circuits, both AC and DC, are very dangerous and should be measured with great care.

- 1. ALWAYS turn the function switch to the OFF position when the meter is not in use.
- 2. Press the HOLD button to freeze a displayed reading

**NOTE**: On some low AC and DC voltage ranges, with the test leads not connected to a device, the display may show a random, changing reading. This is normal and is caused by the high-input sensitivity. The reading will stabilize and give a proper measurement when connected to a circuit.

#### NON-CONTACT AC VOLTAGE DETECTOR

The EX320 can detect the presence of AC voltage (from 100 to 600VAC) simply by being held very near to a voltage source.

WARNING: Test the AC voltage detector on a known live circuit before each use.

**WARNING**: Before using the meter in the AC Voltage Detector mode, verify that the battery is fresh by confirming characters appear on the LCD when the function dial is turned to any position. Do not attempt to use the meter as an AC Voltage Detector if the battery is weak or bad.

#### **NON-CONTACT VOLTAGE (NCV)**

The NCV function works on any rotary switch position.

- 1. Test the detector on a known live circuit before use.
- Press and hold the NCV button for the duration of the test. The meter will beep once when the button is pushed.
- Hold the top of the meter very close to the voltage source as shown.
- If voltage is present, the rim of the LCD display will flash a bright orange and an audible warning will sound.



#### **AC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS**

**WARNING:** Risk of Electrocution. The probe tips may not be long enough to contact the live parts inside some 240V outlets for appliances because the contacts are recessed deep in the outlets. As a result, the reading may show 0 volts when the outlet actually has voltage on it. Make sure the probe tips are touching the metal contacts inside the outlet before assuming that no voltage is present.

**CAUTION:** Do not measure AC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

- Set the function switch to the VAC position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive V jack.
- 3. Touch the black test probe tip to the neutral side of the circuit.
- Touch the red test probe tip to the "hot" side of circuit.
- 5. Read the voltage in the display.



#### DC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS

**CAUTION:** Do not measure DC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

- Set the function switch to the VDC position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive V jack.
- 3. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
- Read the voltage in the display.



#### **AC / DC CURRENT MEASUREMENTS**

**CAUTION:** Do not make current measurements at 10 Amps for longer than 30 seconds. Exceeding 30 seconds may cause damage to the meter and/or the test leads.

- 1. Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack.
- 2. For current measurements up to 2000μA, set the function switch to the μA position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the **mA/μA** jack
- For current measurements up to 200mA, set the function switch to the mA position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the mA/µA jack.
- 4. For current measurements up to 10A, set the function switch to the 10A range and insert the red test lead banana plug into the **10A** jack.
- 5. Use the MODE button to select AC or DC current.
- 6. Remove power from the circuit under test, then open up the circuit at the point where you wish to measure current.
- 7. Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
- 8. Apply power to the circuit.
- 9. Read the current in the display.





#### RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any resistance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords.

- 1. Set the function switch to the  $\Omega$  position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive Ω jack.
- Touch the test probe tips across the circuit or component under test. It is best to disconnect one side of the circuit under test so the rest of the circuit will not interfere with the resistance reading.
- 4. Read the resistance in the display.



#### **CONTINUITY CHECK**

**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, never measure continuity on circuits or wires that have voltage on them.

- Insert the black lead banana plug into the negative COM jack.
- 3. Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive jack.
- 4. Use the MODE button to view the •) icon on the display.
- Touch the test probe tips to the circuit or wire under test.
- 6. If the resistance is less than approximately  $100\Omega$ , the audible signal will sound. If the circuit is 'open' (bad), the display will indicate "OL".



#### **DIODE TEST**

- 1. Set the function switch to the → → position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive \(\right\rightarrow\) jack.
- Use the MODE button to view the 

  →icon on the display.
- Touch the test probes to the diode under test. Forward voltage will typically indicate 0.400 to 0.700V. Reverse voltage will indicate "OL". Shorted devices will indicate near 0V and an open device will indicate "OL" in both polarities.



#### **AUTO-MANUAL RANGE SELECTION**

When the meter is first turned on, it automatically goes into the Auto Range mode. This automatically selects the best range for the measurements being made and is generally the best mode for most measurements. For measurement situations requiring that a range be manually selected, perform the following:

- 1. Press the RANGE key. The AUTO display indicator will turn off.
- Press RANGE to step through the available ranges until the desired range is selected.
- 3. To exit the Manual Ranging mode and return to Auto Range mode, press and hold the RANGE key for 2 seconds.

#### **MAX MODE**

Press the MAX button (the MAX icon will appear on the LCD). The meter will now only display the highest reading during a test. Each time a higher reading is encountered, the display will update. Press the MAX button again to exit this mode.

## Maintenance

**WARNING**: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the back cover or the battery or fuse covers.

**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the battery and fuse covers are in place and fastened securely.

This MultiMeter is designed to provide years of dependable service, if the following care instructions are performed:

- KEEP THE METER DRY. If it gets wet, dry it immediately.
- USE AND STORE THE METER IN NORMAL TEMPERATURES. Temperature
  extremes can shorten the life of the electronic parts and distort or melt plastic parts.
- HANDLE THE METER GENTLY AND CAREFULLY. Dropping it can damage the electronic parts or the case.
- KEEP THE METER CLEAN. Wipe the case occasionally with a damp cloth. DO NOT use chemicals, cleaning solvents, or detergents.
- USE ONLY FRESH BATTERIES OF THE RECOMMENDED SIZE AND TYPE.
   Remove old or weak batteries so they do not leak and damage the unit.
- IF THE METER IS TO BE STORED FOR A LONG PERIOD OF TIME, the battery should be removed to prevent damage to the unit.

#### **UL LISTED**

The UL mark does not indicate that this product has been evaluated for its accuracy.

#### **AUTO POWER OFF**

The meter will automatically turn off after 15 minutes of inactivity. This will conserve battery energy. To turn the meter on after an Auto Power OFF, simply turn the rotary switch to OFF and then back to the desired setting.

#### BATTERY INSTALLATION and LOW BATTERY INDICATION

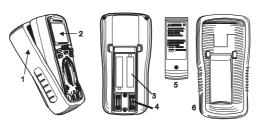
**WARNING**: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the battery cover.

### LOW BATTERY INDICATION

The icon will appear in the lower left-hand corner of the display when the battery voltage becomes low. Replace the batteries when this appears.

#### **BATTERY REPLACEMENT**

- 1. Disconnect the test leads from the meter.
- 2. Remove the protective rubber holster. See diagram.
- 3. Remove the Phillips head screw located on the lower back of the instrument.
- 4. Flip up the fuse/battery compartment cover to access the batteries. See diagram.
- 5. Gently remove batteries and install two new 1.5V 'AAA' batteries observing polarity.
- 6. Secure the fuse/battery compartment cover.
- 7. Place the protective rubber holster on the meter.
- 1. Removable Rubber Holster
- 2. Meter
- 3. Battery
- 4. Fuses
- Compartment Cover
- 6. Rubber Holster



**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, do not operate the meter until the battery is in place and fastened securely.

#### REPLACING THE FUSES

**WARNING**: To avoid electric shock, disconnect the test leads from any source of voltage before removing the fuse cover.

- 1. Disconnect the test leads from the meter.
- 2. Remove the protective rubber holster.
- 3. Remove the Phillips head screw located on the lower back of the instrument.
- 4. Flip up the fuse/battery compartment cover to access the fuses.
- 5. Gently remove the fuse(s) and install new fuse(s) into the holder(s).
- Always use fuses of the proper size and value (200mA/250V fast blow for the mA / μA ranges, 10A/250V fast blow for the A range).
- 7. Secure the fuse/battery compartment cover.
- 8. Place the protective rubber holster on the meter.

**WARNING**: To avoid electric shock, do not operate your meter until the fuse cover is in place and fastened securely.

## Range Specifications

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
Non-contact AC Voltage detector	100 to 600V	Resolution & accuracy do not apply since the meter does not display the voltage in this mode. The lamp at the top of the meter's display flashes when voltage is sensed and an audible warning will sound.	
DC Voltage	200mV	0.1mV	±(0.5% reading + 2 digits)
(V DC)	2V	0.001V	
	20V	0.01V	±(1.0% reading + 2 digits)
	200V	0.1V	
	600V	1V	±(1.5% reading + 2 digits)
AC Voltage	200mV	0.1mV	±(1.0% reading + 30 digits)
(V AC)	2V	0.001mV	
(50/60Hz)	20V	0.01V	±(1.5% reading + 3 digits)
	200V	0.1V	
	600V	1V	±(2.0% reading + 4 digits
DC Current	200μΑ	0.1μΑ	±(1.0% reading + 3 digits)
(A DC)	2000μΑ	1μΑ	
	20mA	0.01mA	±(1.5% reading + 3 digits)
	200mA	0.1mA	
	2A	0.001A	±/2 50/ roading ± 5 digita)
	10A	0.01A	±(2.5% reading + 5 digits)
AC Current	200μΑ	0.1μΑ	±(1.5% reading + 5 digits)
(AAC)	2000μΑ	1μΑ	±(1.8% reading + 5 digits)
(50/60Hz)	20mA	0.01mA	
	200mA	0.1mA	
	2A	0.001A	±(3.0% reading + 7 digits)
	10A	0.01A	
Resistance	200Ω	0.1Ω	±(1.2% reading + 4 digits)
	2kΩ	1Ω	
	20kΩ	0.01kΩ	1/4 20/ roading 1 2 digits)
	200kΩ	0.1kΩ	±(1.2% reading + 2 digits)
	2ΜΩ	0.001ΜΩ	
	20ΜΩ	0.01ΜΩ	±(2.0% reading + 3 digits)

### Notes:

Accuracy specifications consist of two elements:

- (% reading) This is the accuracy of the measurement circuit.
- (+ digits) This is the accuracy of the analog to digital converter.

Accuracy is stated at 65°F to 83°F (18°C to 28°C) and less than 75% RH.

## **General Specifications**

**Diode Test** Test current of 0.3mA maximum, open circuit voltage 1.5V DC

typical

**Continuity Check** Audible signal will sound if the resistance is less than  $100\Omega$ 

10MΩ (VDC & VAC) Input Impedance

**AC Bandwidth** 50 / 60Hz

Display 2000 count (0 to 1999) backlit LCD

Over-range indication "OL" is displayed

**Auto Power Off** After 15 minutes (approximately) of inactivity

**Polarity** Automatic (no indication for positive); Minus (-) sign for

negative

Measurement Rate 2 times per second, nominal

" is displayed if battery voltage drops below operating Low Battery Indication

voltage

**Battery** Two (2) 1.5V 'AAA' batteries

Fuses mA, µA ranges; 200mA/250V fast blow

A range; 10A/250V fast blow

**Operating Temperature** 32°F to 122°F (0°C to 50°C) -4°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C) Storage Temperature

**Operating Humidity** Max 70% up to 87°F (31°C) decreasing linearly to 50% at

122°F (50°C)

Storage Humidity <80% RH

**Operating Altitude** 7000ft. (2000meters) maximum. Weight 9.17 oz (260g) (includes holster).

Size 5.8" x 2.9" x 1.6" (147 x 76 x 42mm) (includes holster)

This meter is intended for indoor use and protected, against Safety

> the users, by double insulation per EN61010-1 and IEC61010-1 2nd Edition (2001) to CAT II 1000V & CAT III 600V; Pollution Degree 2. The meter also meets UL 61010-1, Second Edition (2004), CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1, Second Edition (2004),

and UL 61010B-2-031, First Edition (2003)

**Approvals** CE. UL

#### PER IEC1010 OVERVOLTAGE INSTALLATION CATEGORY

#### OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY I

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY I is equipment for connection to circuits in which measures are taken to limit the transient overvoltages to an appropriate low level. Note – Examples include protected electronic circuits.

#### OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II is energy-consuming equipment to be supplied from the fixed installation.

Note – Examples include household, office, and laboratory appliances.

#### OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III is equipment in fixed installations.

Note - Examples include switches in the fixed installation and some equipment for industrial use with permanent connection to the fixed installation.

## OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY IV

Equipment of OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY IV is for use at the origin of the installation.

Note – Examples include electricity meters and primary over-current protection equipment

## Warranty

EXTECH INSTRUMENTS CORPORATION warrants this instrument to be free of defects in parts and workmanship for one year from date of shipment (a six month limited warranty applies on sensors and cables). If it should become necessary to return the instrument for service during or beyond the warranty period, contact the Customer Service Department at (781) 890-7440 ext. 210 for authorization or visit our website at www.extech.com. A Return Authorization (RA) number must be issued before any product is returned to Extech. The sender is responsible for shipping charges, freight, insurance and proper packaging to prevent damage in transit. This warranty does not apply to defects resulting from action of the user such as misuse, improper wiring, operation outside of specification, improper maintenance or repair, or unauthorized modification. Extech specifically disclaims any implied warranties or merchantability or fitness for a specific purpose and will not be liable for any direct, incidental or consequential damages. Extech's total liability is limited to repair or replacement of the product. The warranty set forth above is inclusive and no other warranty, whether written or oral, is expressed or implied.

## Calibration and Repair Services

Extech offers complete repair and calibration services for most of the products we sell. For periodic calibration, NIST certification or repair for most Extech products, call customer service for details. Extech recommends that calibration be performed on an annual basis to ensure calibration integrity.



## Support line (781) 890-7440

Technical support: Extension 200; E-mail: support@extech.com Repair & Returns: Extension 210; E-mail: repair@extech.com

#### Product specifications subject to change without notice

For the latest version of this User's Guide, Software updates, and other up-to-the-minute product information, visit our website: www.extech.com Extech Instruments Corporation, 285 Bear Hill Rd., Waltham, MA 02451

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